

Roll No.

Total Pages : 04

GSE/D-21

784

SOLID GEOMETRY

BM-113

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 40

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Section. Q. No. 1 is compulsory.

(Compulsory Question)

1. (a) Find the nature of the conic :

$$2x^2 - 72xy + 23y^2 - 4x - 28y - 48 = 0. \quad 2$$

- (b) Find the equation to the sphere through the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2, \quad z = 0 \quad \text{and the point } (\alpha, \beta, \gamma). \quad 2$$

- (c) Find the equation of the cone circumscribing the

$$\text{sphere } x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 2y - 2 = 0 \quad \text{with its vertex at } (1, 1, 1). \quad 2$$

- (d) Find the equation of the plane which cuts the

$$\text{paraboloid } 2x^2 - y^2 = 2z \quad \text{in a conic with its centre at the point } (2, 3, 4). \quad 2$$

Section I

2. Trace the conic :

$$9x^2 + 24xy + 16y^2 - 2x + 14y + 1 = 0. \quad 8$$

(5)L-784

3. (a) Find the equation of the parabola which touches the conic $x^2 + xy + y^2 - 2x - 2y + 1 = 0$ at the point where it is cut by the line $x + y + 1 = 0$. 4
- (b) Find the conics confocal with $x^2 + 2y^2 = 2$ which passes through the point (1, 1). 4

Section II

4. (a) Find the equation of the sphere which touches the plane $3x + 2y - z + 2 = 0$ at the point P (1, - 2, 1) and cuts orthogonally the sphere :

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 4x + 6y + 4 = 0. \quad 4$$

- (b) Find the equation to the right circular cone, whose vertex is P (2, - 3, 5), axis PQ which makes equal angles with the axes and which passes through A (1, - 2, 3). 4
5. (a) Find the condition that the plane $lx + my + nz = 0$ may touch the cone $4x^2 - y^2 + 3z^2 = 0$. 4
- (b) Find the equation of a right circular cylinder of radius 2, whose axis passes through (1, 2, 3) and has direction cosines proportional to 2, 1, 2. 4

Section III

6. (a) Find the equations of the tangent planes to $2x^2 - 6y^2 + 3z^2 = 5$ which pass through the lines $x + 9y - 3z = 0$, $3x - 3y + 6z - 5 = 0$. 4
- (b) Prove that the sum of the squares of the reciprocals of any *three* mutually perpendicular diameters of an ellipsoid is constant. 4
7. (a) Prove that the six normals from a point to an ellipsoid lie on a curve of second degree. 4
- (b) Show that the plane $x + 2y + 3z = 2$ touches the conicoid $x^2 - 2y^2 + 3z^2 = 2$ and find the point of contact. 4

Section IV

8. (a) Find the conditions that any *two* lines $\frac{x}{l_1} = \frac{y}{m_1} = \frac{z}{n_1}$, $\frac{x}{l_2} = \frac{y}{m_2} = \frac{z}{n_2}$ be the axes of the section of the conicoid $ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$, by a plane through them. 4

- (b) Find the equations to the generators of the hyperboloid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$, which pass through the point $(a \cos \alpha, b \sin \alpha, 0)$. **4**

9. Reduce to standard form :

$$2y^2 - 2yz + 2zx - 2xy - x - 2y + 3z - 2 = 0$$

and state the nature of surface represented by the equation.

8