

Roll No.

Total Pages : 03

MDE/D-21

4314

ADVANCED ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

MM-401

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Section. All questions carry equal marks.

Section I

1. (a) Let H be a proper subgroup of a finite p -group G . Prove that $H \neq N_G(H)$
(b) State and prove Zassenhaus's Lemma.
2. (a) State and prove Sylow second theorem.
(b) Let G be a group. Prove that :
$$o(G/Z(G)) \neq 77$$

Section II

3. (a) Let K/F and L/K be finite extensions. Prove that L/F is also finite and $[L : F] = [L : K] [K : F]$.
(b) Find the degree of the splitting field of $(X^2 + X + 1)(X^3 - 2)$ Over Q .

4. (a) Prove that $\text{GF}(p^m)$ is a subfield of $\text{GF}(p^n)$ iff m divides n .
(b) Prove that a splitting field is a normal extension.

Section III

5. (a) Prove that an algebraic extension of a finite field is separable.
(b) Prove that if α and $\beta \in K/F$ are separable, then $F(\alpha, \beta)/F$ is a simple extension.
6. (a) State and prove Dedekind's Lemma.
(b) Find the Galois group of the polynomial $X^4 - 8X^2 + 15$ over \mathbb{Q} .

Section IV

7. (a) Let A and B be solvable normal subgroups of a group G such that both G/A and G/B are solvable. Prove that G is a solvable group.
(b) Let $H \triangleleft A_n$, ($n \geq 5$). Prove that if H contains one 3-cycle, then $H = A_n$.
8. (a) Prove that the polynomial $X^5 - 9X + 3$ is not solvable by radicals over \mathbb{Q} .
(b) Prove that the angle $\pi/3$ cannot be trisected by using ruler and compass only.

Section V

9. (a) Prove that if G is non-Abelian group of order 125, then $o(Z(G)) = 5$.
- (b) Write down a composition series for the symmetric group S_4 of degree 4.
- (c) Find the degree of $\sqrt{3}+1$ over \mathbb{Q} .
- (d) Prove that $\mathbb{Q}\left(2^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\Big|_{\mathbb{Q}}$ is not normal.
- (e) Find the Galois group of $\mathbb{C}|\mathbb{R}$.
- (f) Prove that field \mathbb{Q} is perfect.
- (g) Prove that a group of order 21 is solvable.
- (h) Prove that the number $\sqrt{5}$ is constructible with ruler and compass only.