Roll No.

#### **GSM/M-20**

## **1641**

# BIOTECHNOLOGY (RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY)

Paper-VIII

Time Allowed : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 40

Note : Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least two questions from each Unit. Question No. 1 is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

### **Compulsory Question**

- 1. Define following terms :
  - (a) Wound inducible promoter.
  - (b) Primer.
  - (c) Marker genes.
  - (d) OriR

4

Write the full name of the following abbreviations :

- (a) pBR322
- (b) YAC
- (c) pUC
- (d) BAC. 4

1641/K/152

### **P. T. O.**

### UNIT-I

- 2. (a) What is restriction endonuclease? How many type of these enzymes are? Elaborate only one restriction endonuclease which is playing the major role in the recombinant DNA technology.
  - (b) Write the role of ligases, polymerase and alkaline phasphatases in recombinant DNA technology.
    5,3
- 3. (a) What are the essential features of a vector? Elaborate about M13 vectors.
  - (b) Differentiate between Expression and shuttle vectors. 5,3
- 4. (a) What do you understand by selection and screening of the recombinants in recombinant DNA technology? What is the purpose of these steps? Explain with diagrammatic representation.
  - (b) What is the cDNA library? What is the purpose to construct this type of the library? 5,3

### UNIT-II

- 5. (a) Write the name of various DNA sequencing techniques. Elaborate any one of these in detail with diagrammatic representation.
  - (b) Write in brief about "Kary Mullis" the inventor of PCR. 5,3

1641/K/152

- 6. (a) Write a detail note on Microarray.
  - (b) Differentiate between dot blot and slot blot. 5,3
- 7. (a) What is the expression vector? Explain how these vectors are helpful in the production of recombinant proteins by giving one example. Explain with diagrammatic representation.
  - (b) What is promoter? How strong and weak promoter are different as far as their role in gene expression is concerned? 5,3